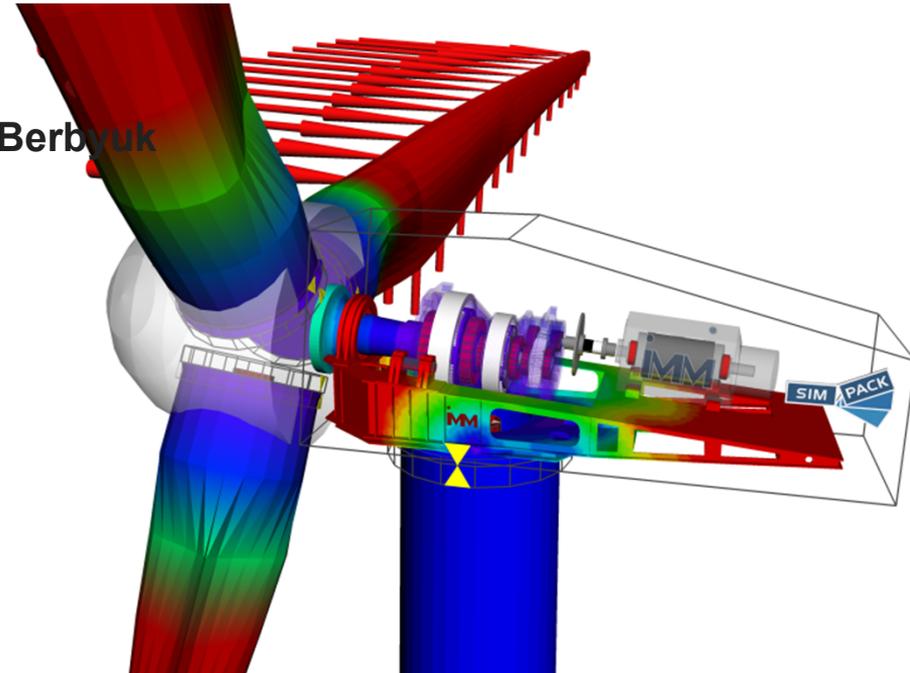
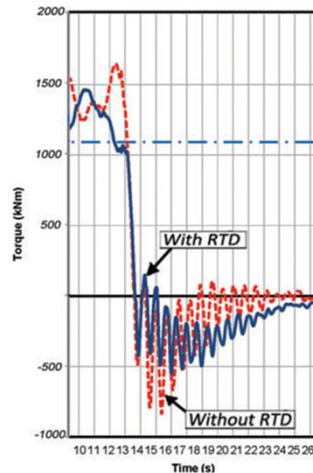
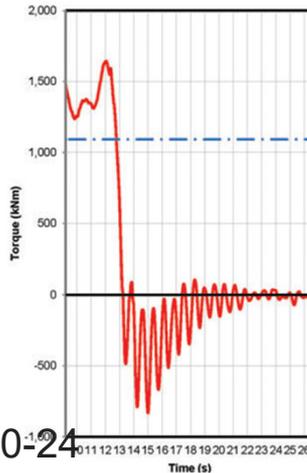


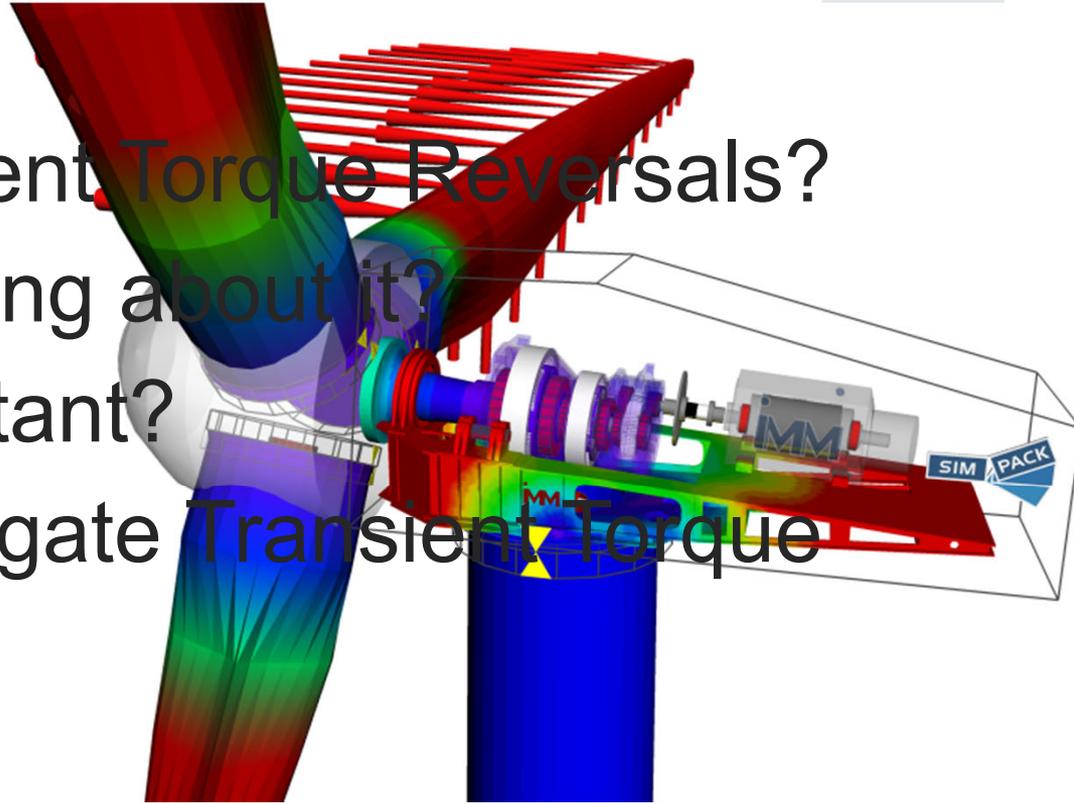
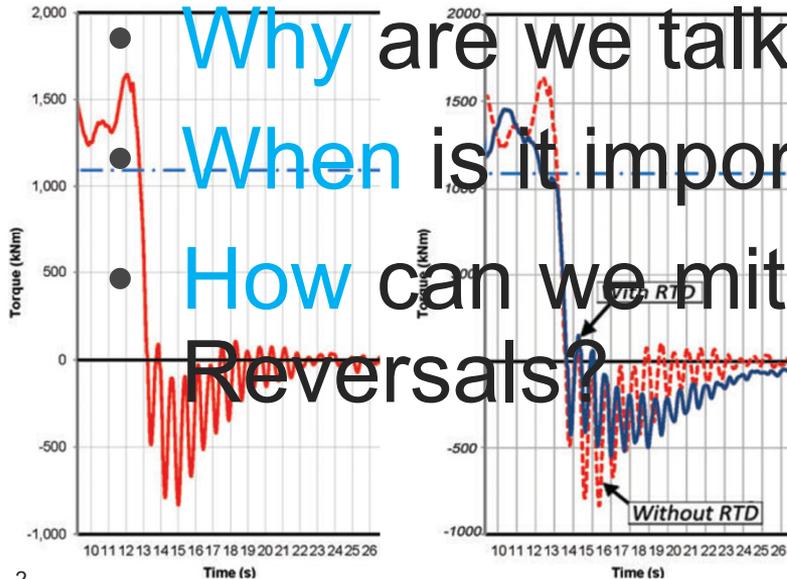
# Transient torque reversals in wind turbine drivetrains: occurrence, consequences and mitigation

Saptarshi Sarkar, Håkan Johansson and Viktor Berbyuk

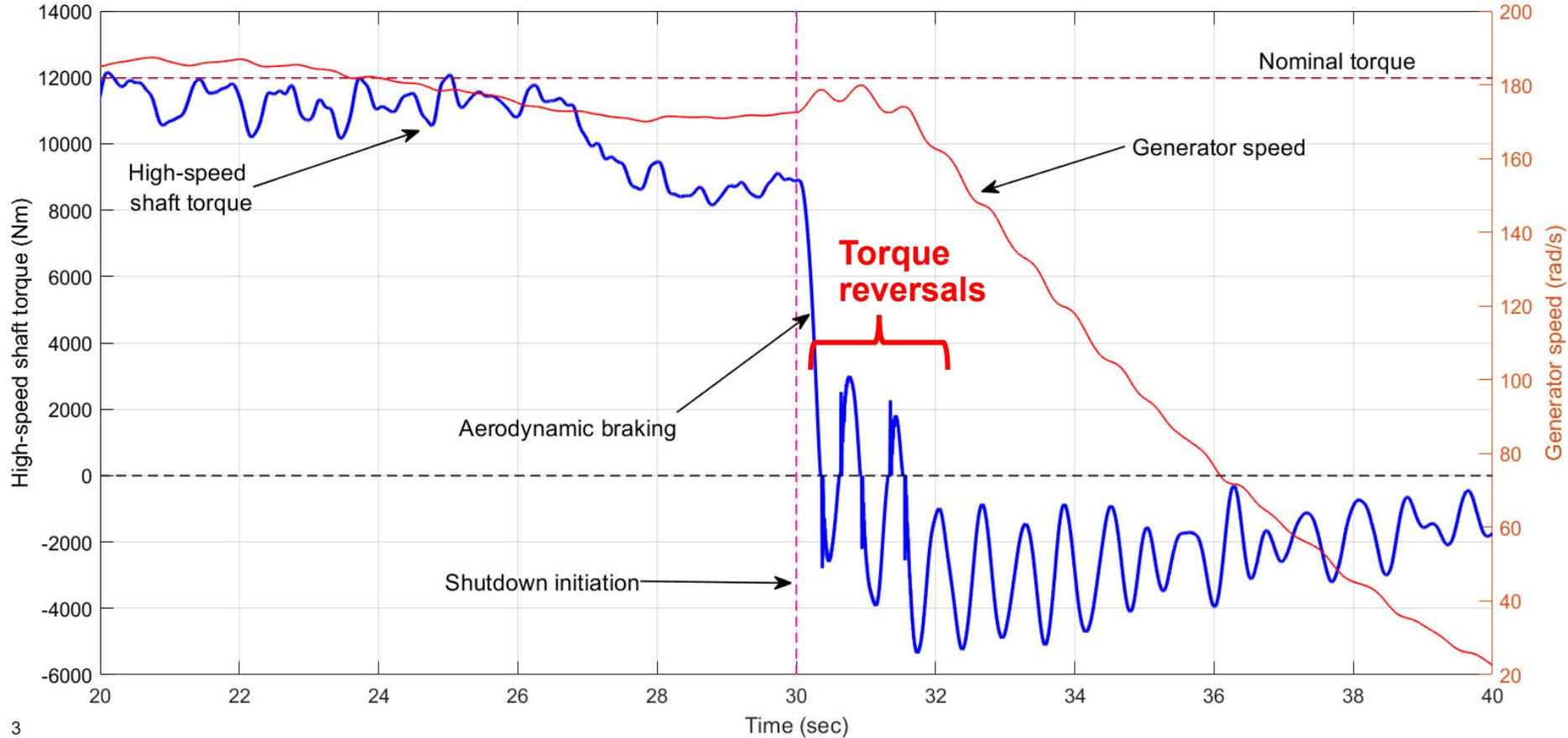


# Content

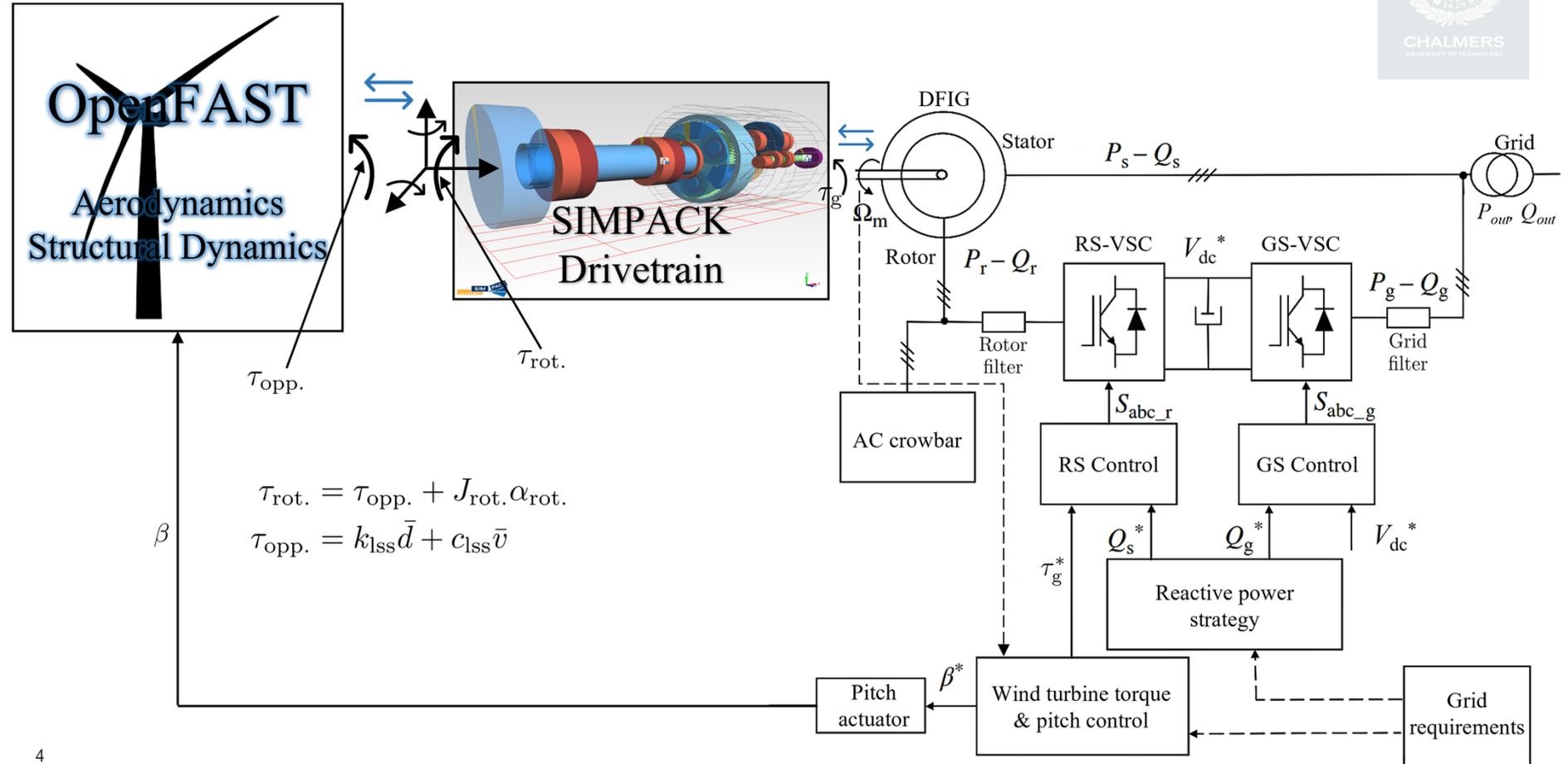
- **What** are Transient Torque Reversals?
- **Why** are we talking about it?
- **When** is it important?
- **How** can we mitigate Transient Torque Reversals?



## High-speed shaft torque during an emergency shutdown



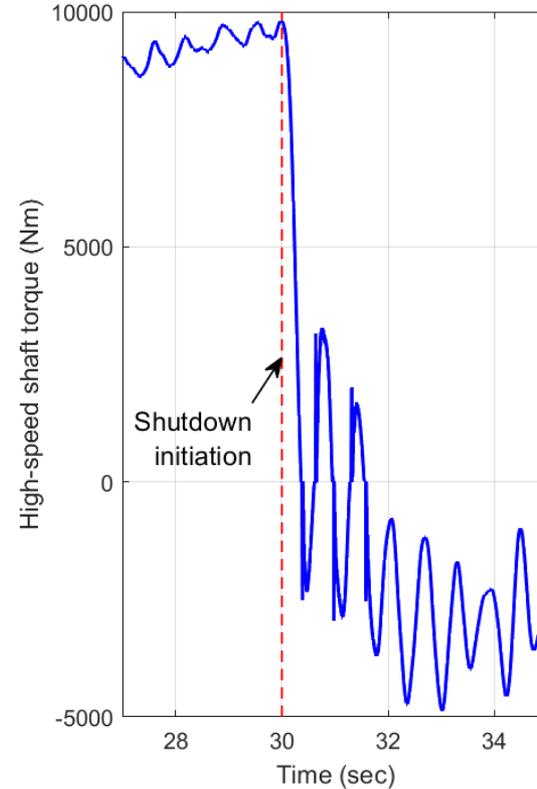
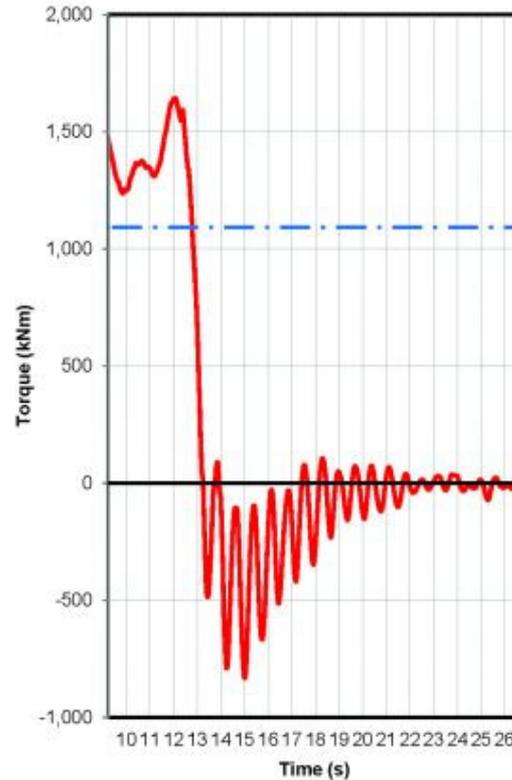
# A quick side note



# What?

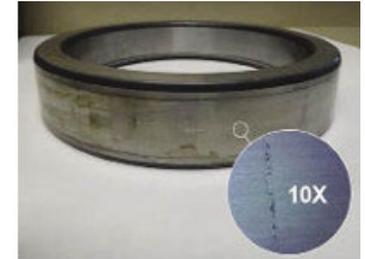
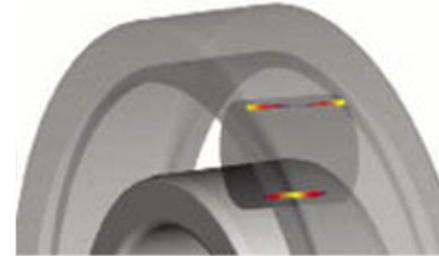
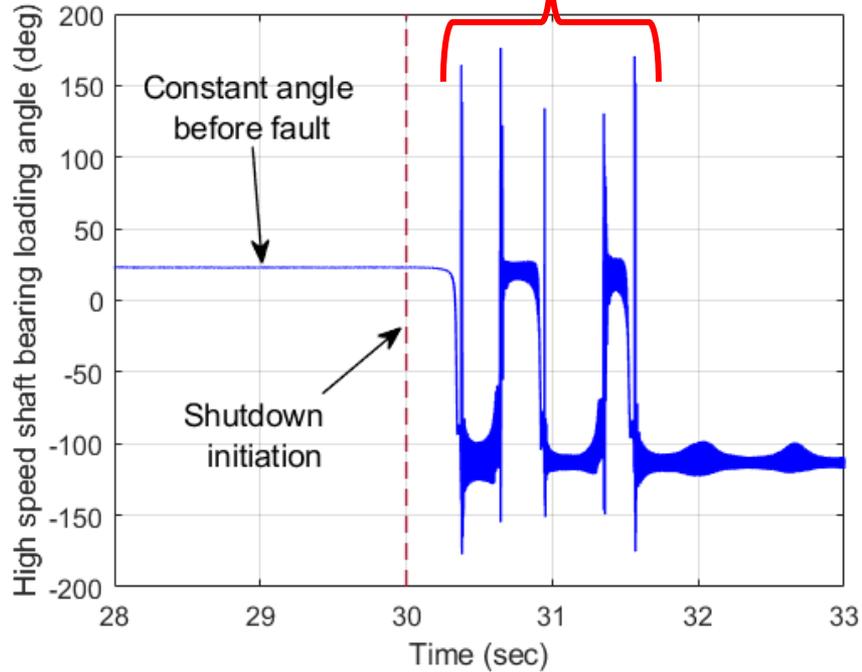
## Field measurements show similar behaviour

*Aero braking only  
on a 1.65-MW  
turbine, as  
recorded by  
**AeroTorque***

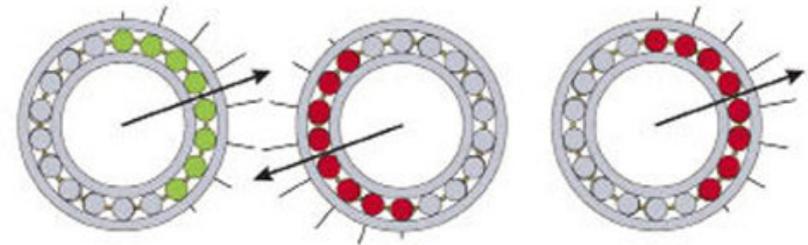


# What?

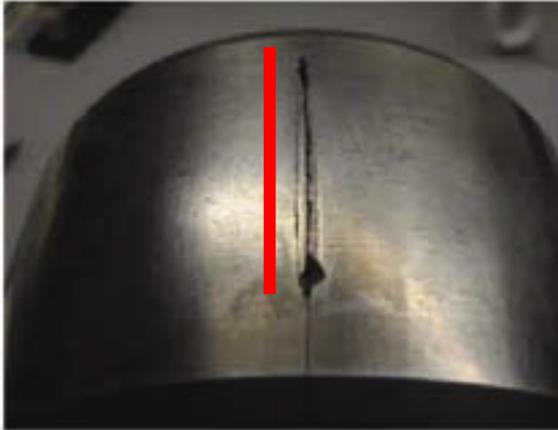
## Bearing load reversals



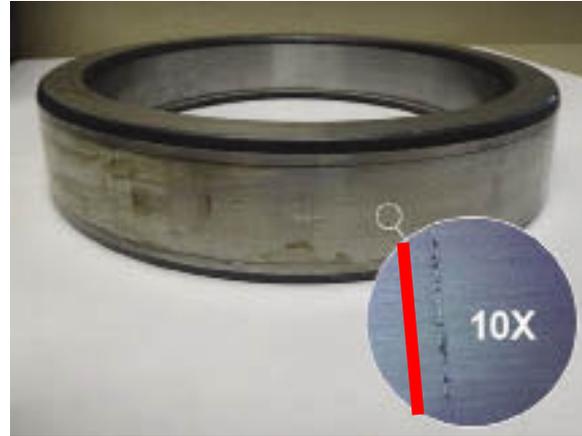
## Rapidly reversing bearing load zones



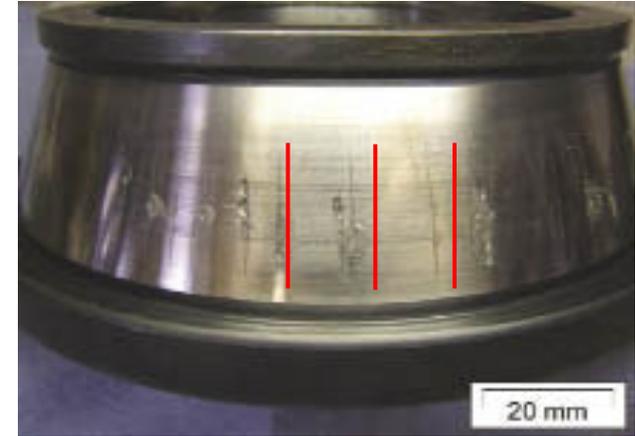
# Why?



*A single axial crack has propagated completely through the inner ring*



*The early stages of multiple axial cracks appear on the inner ring*



*White Etch Cracks and White Surface Flaking appear on the inner ring of a tapered roller bearing.*

# Why?

Transient torque reversals

Slip/skid & impact loading

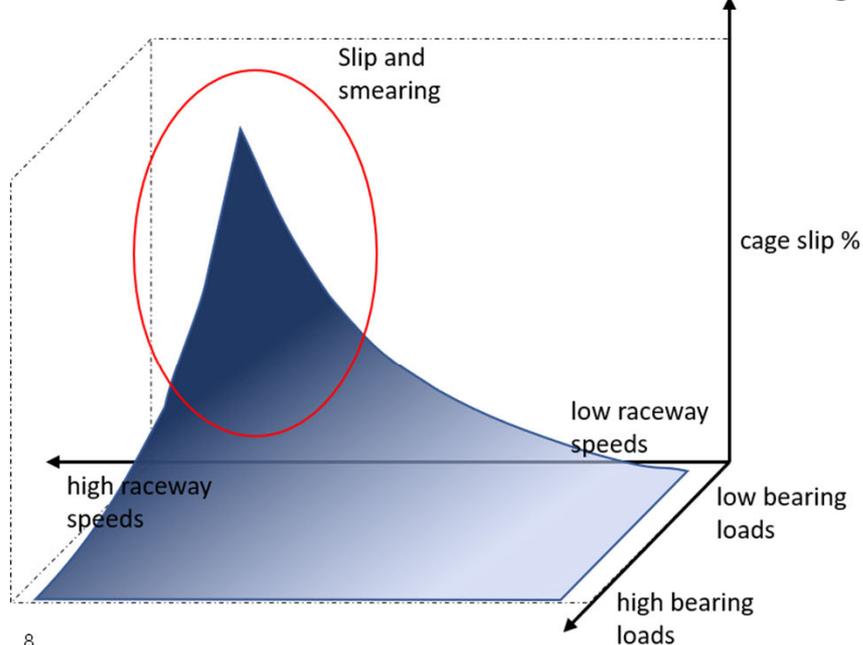
Smearing/scuffing

WSF & WEA

WECs

Axial cracks

Surface damage



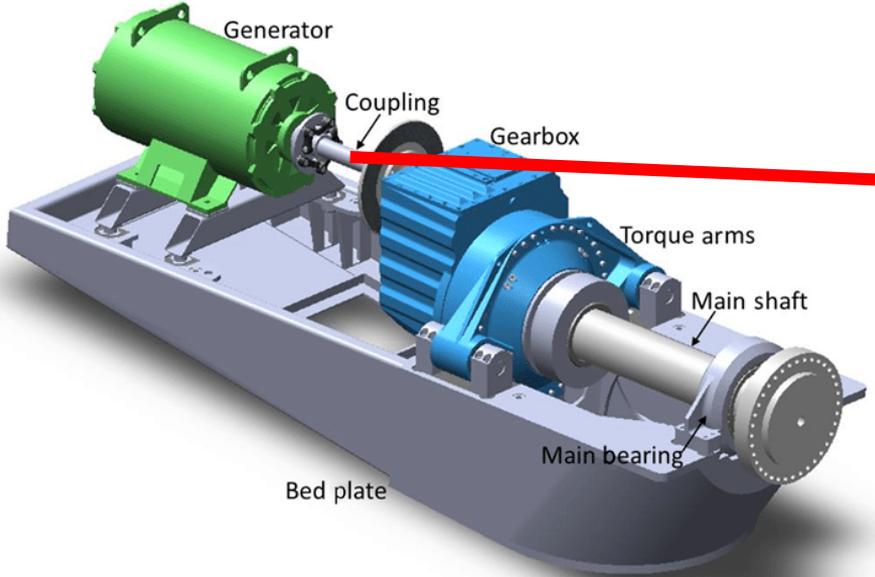
## “Slip risk duration”

DLC	Situation	Assessment	Simulation setup								Occurrence of TTRs
			Length (s)	Wind (m/s)	Yaw	Turbulence	Shear ( $\alpha$ )	Gust	Fault description		
2.1	Power production + Grid fault	Extreme - normal event	25	12	0°	NTM	Vertical; 0.2	None	90% symmetrical voltage dip @ 15 s	Yes	
2.2 a	Power production + Pitch system fault	Extreme - abnormal event	50	12	0°	NTM	Vertical; 0.2	None	One blade operating at minimum pitch angle	No	
2.2 b	Power production + Pitch system fault	Extreme - abnormal event	50	12	0°	NTM	Vertical; 0.2	None	@ 25 s collective pitching towards minimum pitch angle at the maximum pitch speed	No	
2.2 c	Power production + Yaw system fault	Extreme - abnormal event	50	12	15° to 345° with steps of 15°	NTM	Vertical; 0.2	None	Yaw system fault	No	
2.3	Power production in EOG + Grid fault	Extreme - abnormal event	25	25	0°	None	Vertical; 0.2	EOG: Equation (17) [ref]	90% symmetrical voltage dip @ 15 s	Yes	
3.2	Start up during EOG	Extreme - normal event	50	25	0°	None	Vertical; 0.2	EOG: Equation (17) [ref]	None	No	
3.3	Start up during EDC	Extreme - normal event	50	25	0°	None	Vertical; 0.2	ECD: Equation (21) [ref]	None	No	
4.2	Shut down during EOG	Extreme - normal event	50	25	0°	None	Vertical; 0.2	EOG: Equation (17) [ref]	None	No	
5.1	Emergency shut down	Extreme - normal event	50	25	0°	NTM	Vertical; 0.2	None	shutdown @ 25 s; without mechanical brake	Yes	
6.2	Parked 50-year extreme wind + loss of electrical network	Extreme - abnormal event	50	V50	300°	11%	Vertical; 0.11	None	abnormal yaw error due to loss of electrical network connection	Yes	
6.3	Parked 1-year extreme wind + yaw system error	Extreme - normal event	50	V1	20°	11%	Vertical; 0.11	None	idling rotor with yaw system fault	Yes	

# When?

IEC 61400-1

# How to mitigate?



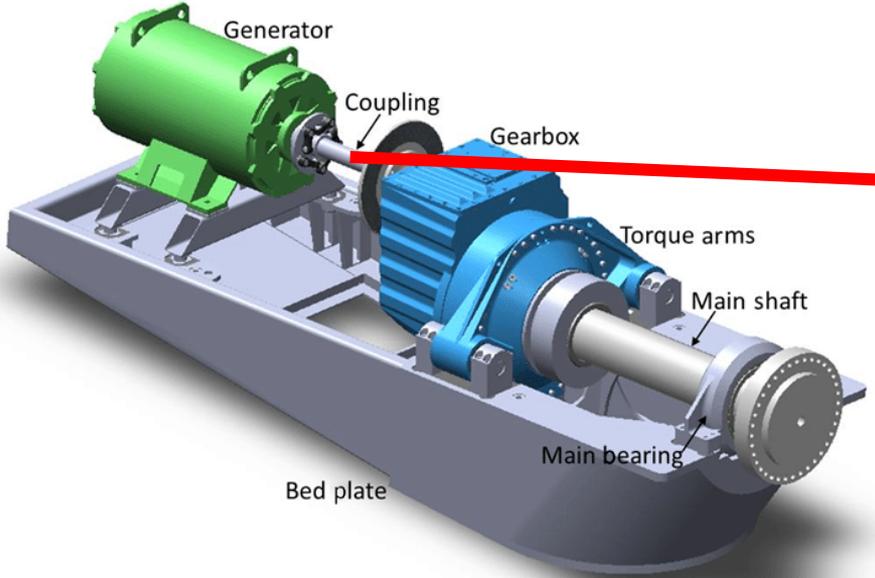
**Tuned mass damper  
(mechanical  
dampers...)**



**Reverse Torsional  
Damper, by  
AeroTorque**



# How to mitigate?

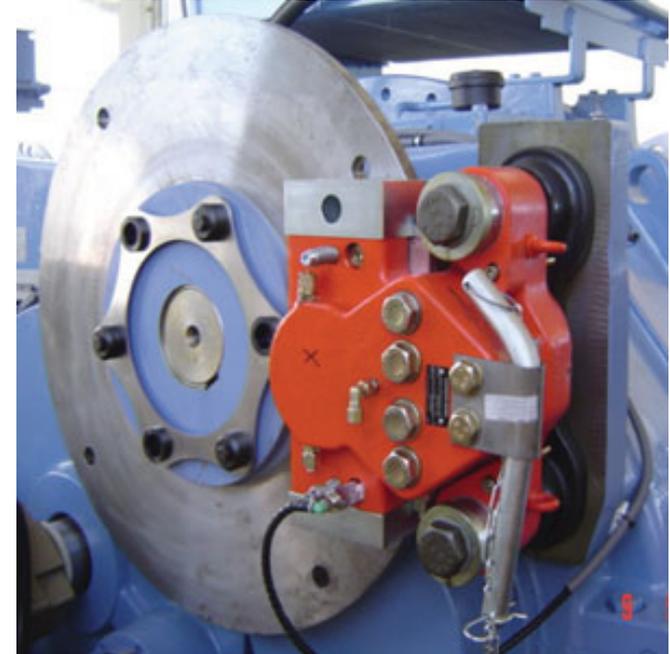
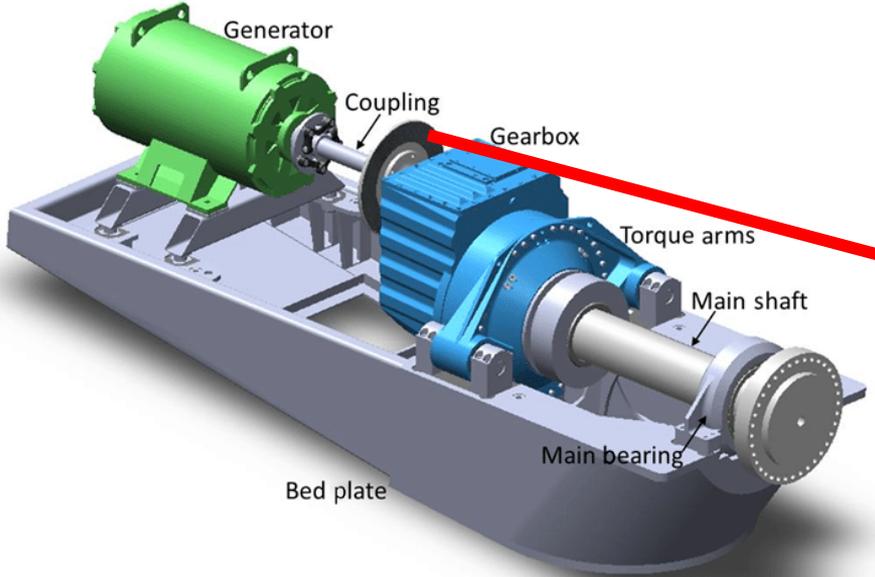


**Asymmetric torque limiter  
(friction clutch devices...)**

**Spring torque  
limiter**



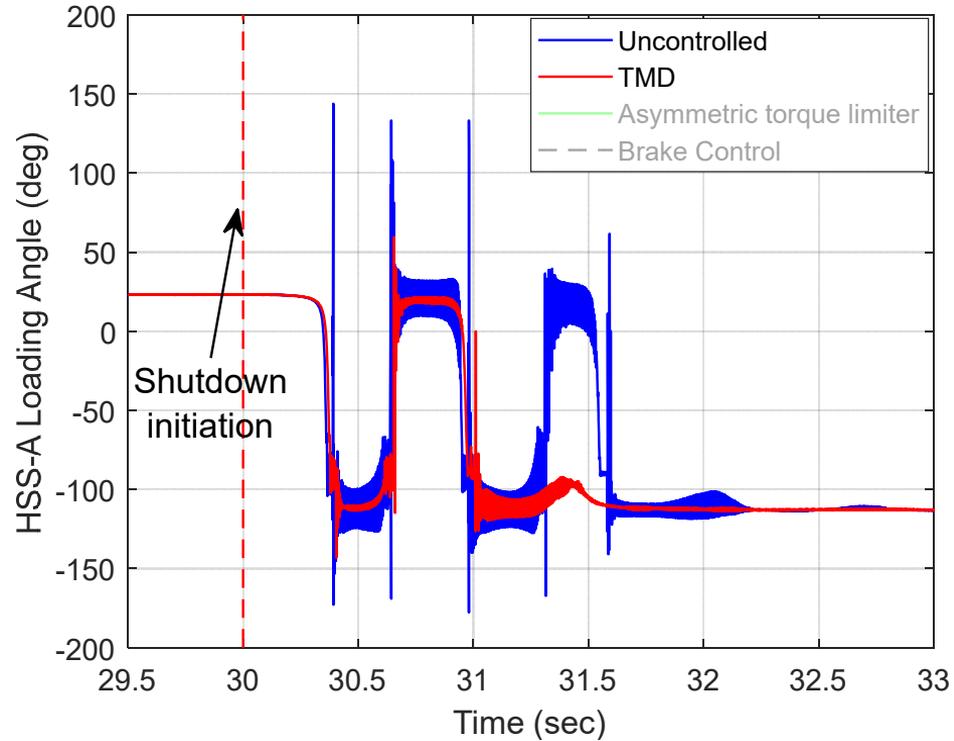
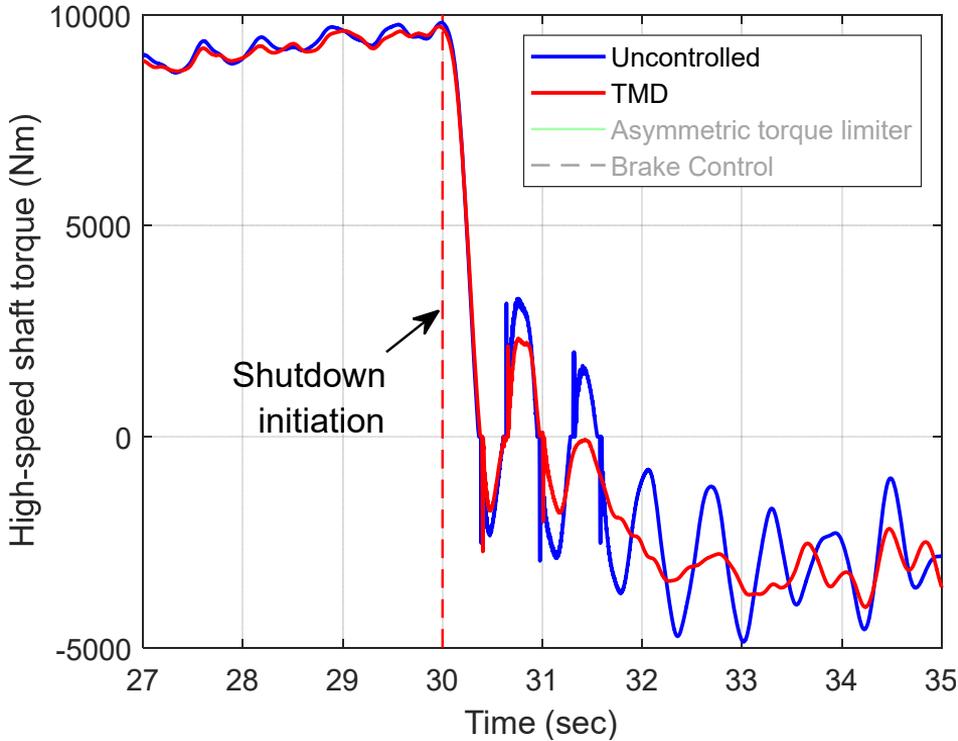
# How to mitigate?



**Proposed active control  
of high-speed shaft brake**

# How to mitigate?

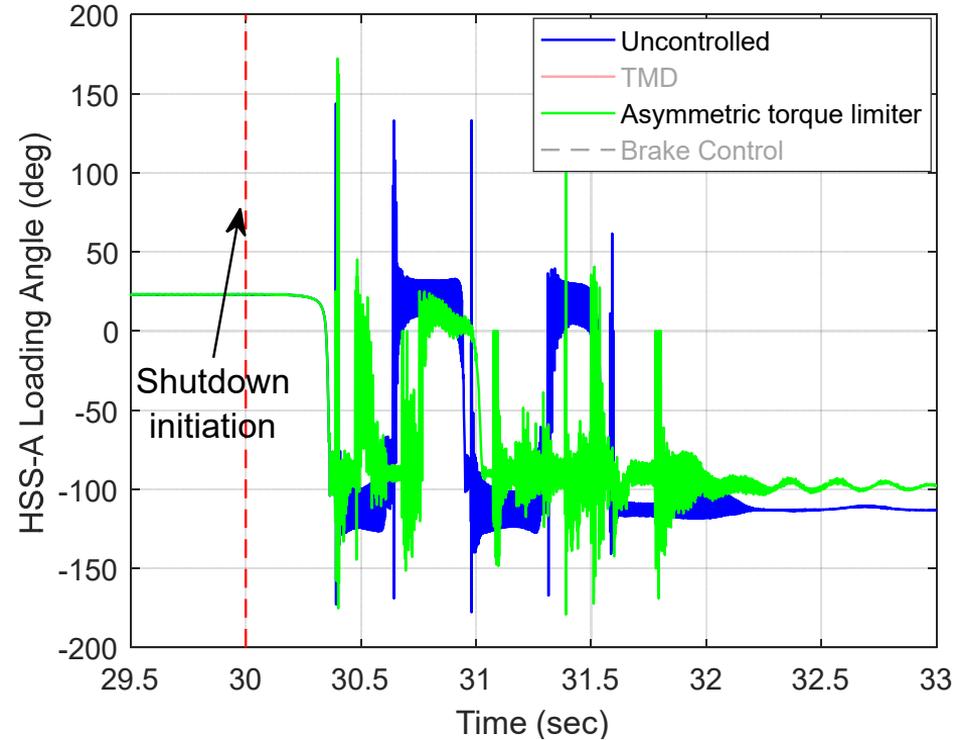
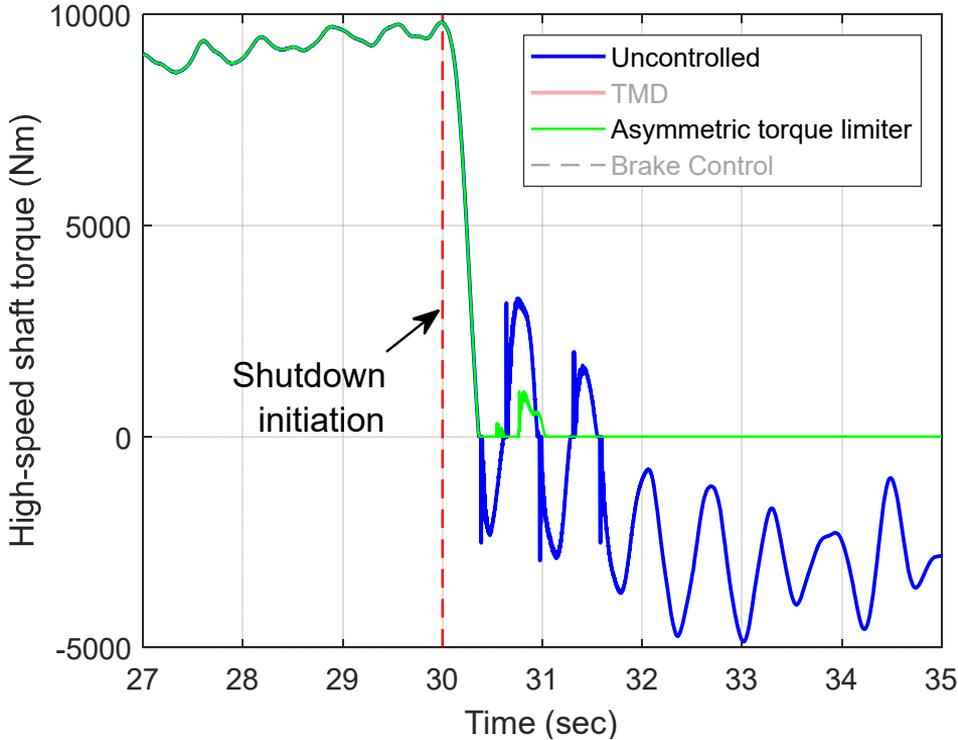
## Tuned mass damper



## Emergency shutdown

# How to mitigate?

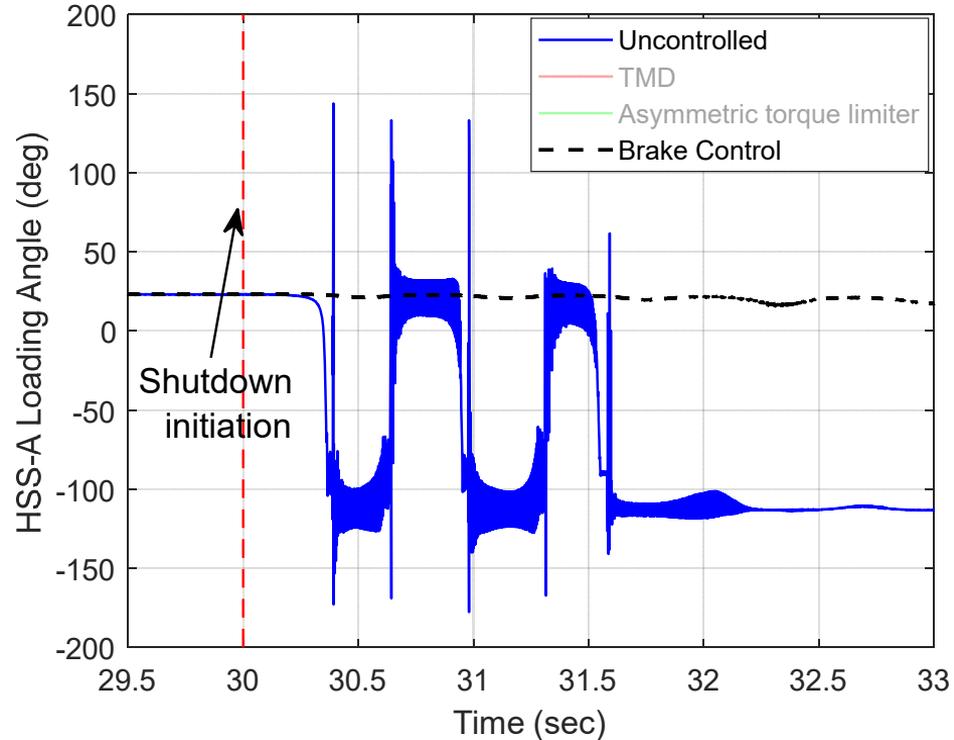
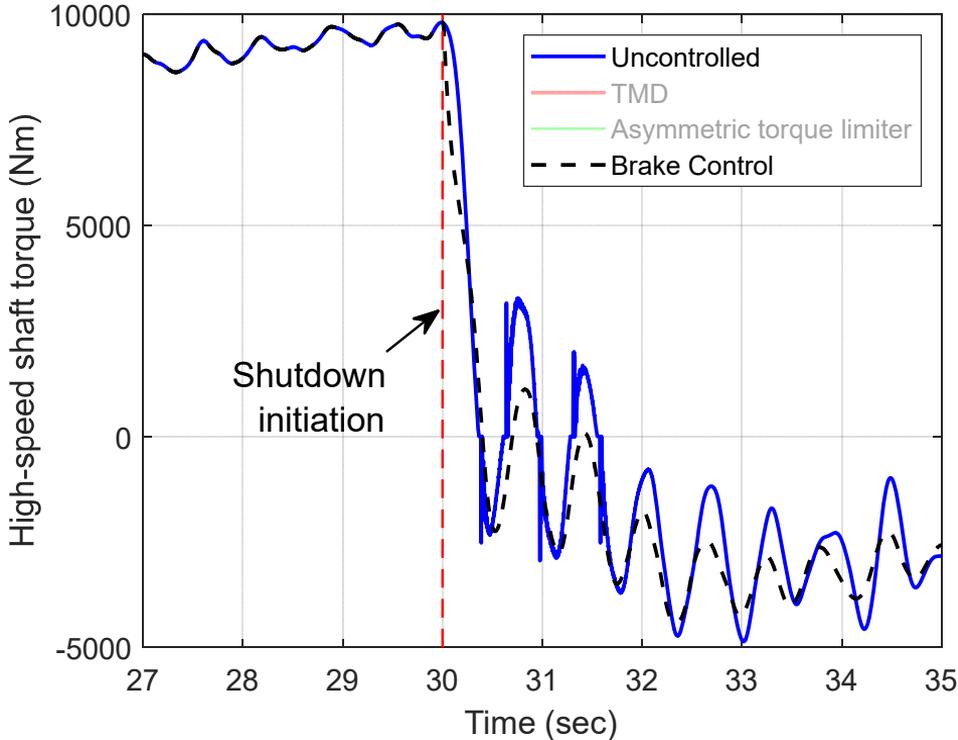
## Asymmetric torque limiter



**Emergency shutdown**

# How to mitigate?

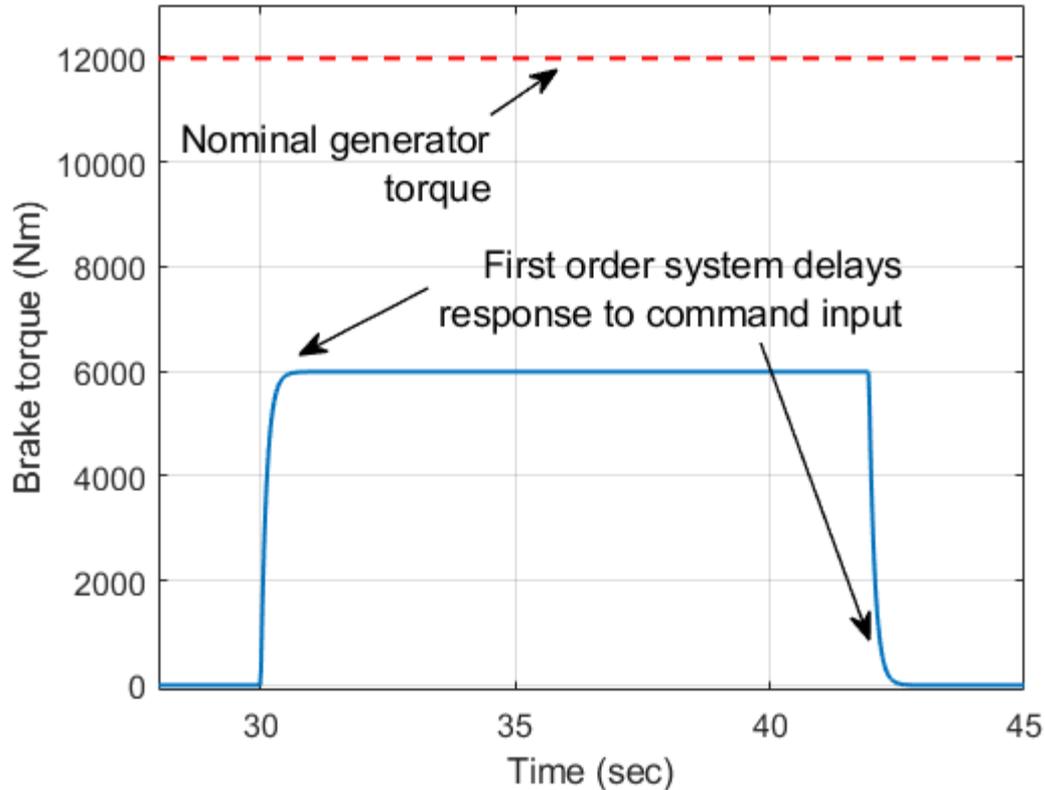
## HSS Brake Control (proposed by us)



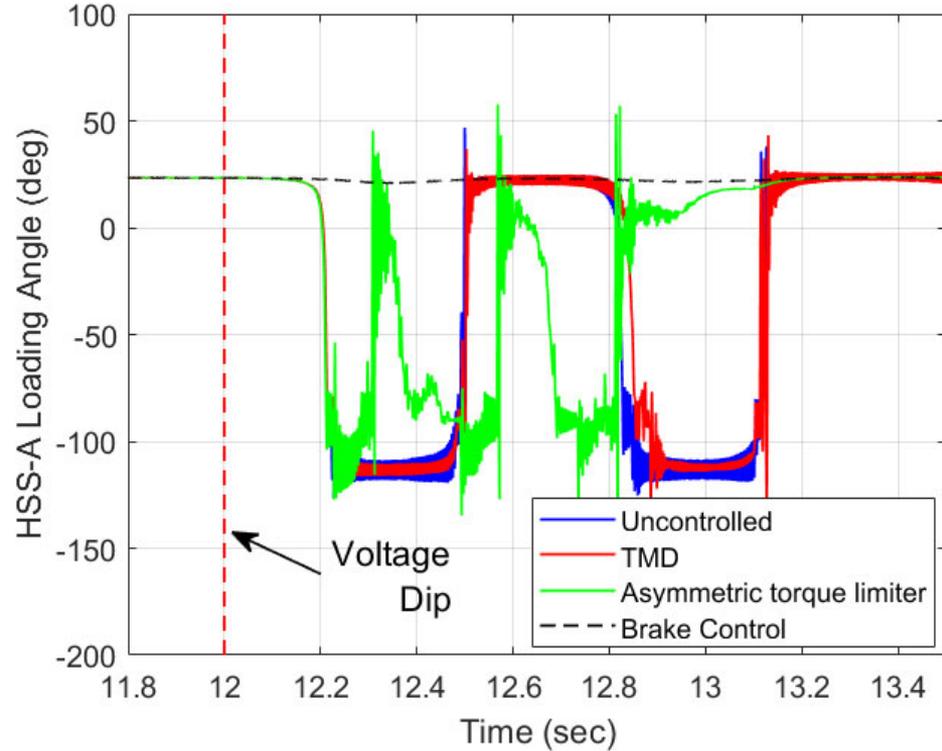
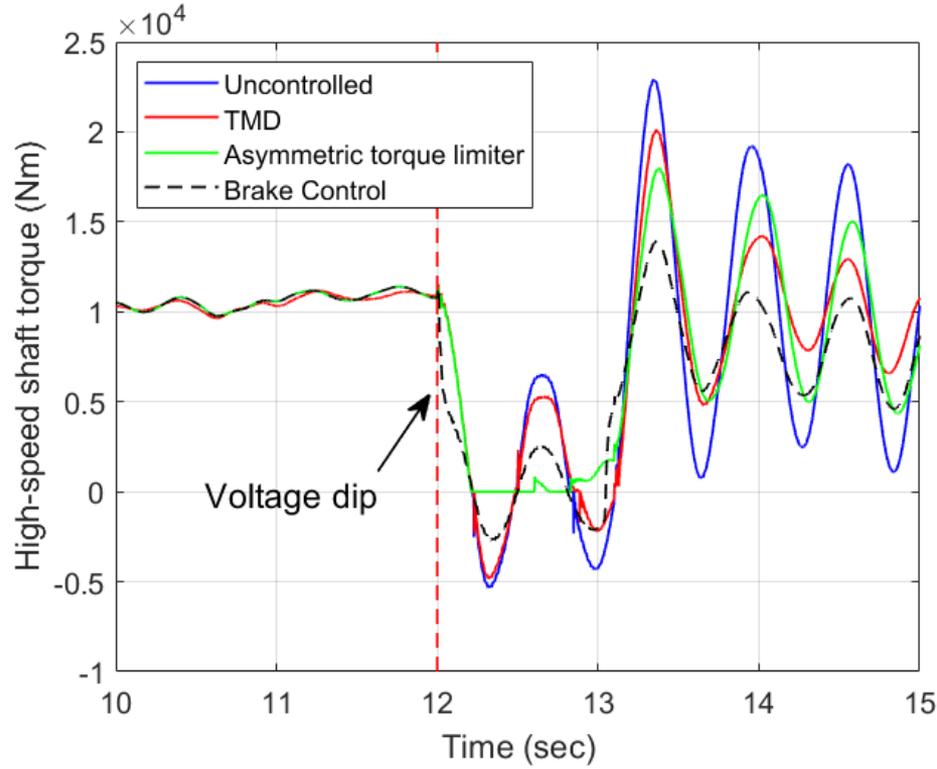
**Emergency shutdown**

# How to mitigate?

## The brake torque



# How to mitigate?



**Symmetrical voltage dip**

# Thanks for listening!

## Questions?



Email: [ssarkar@chalmers.se](mailto:ssarkar@chalmers.se)



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